

Vocabulary: For each word, briefly explain what it means, and ALSO why this is important in an empire

- Militarism
- Trade Networks
- Conquest
- Dictator
- Aristocracy (\$\$\$)
- Slavery
- Missionary
- Religion
- Emperor
- Religious Tolerance
- Divine Right (Right to Rule)
- Collective Learning
- The Silk Road

Extended Thought Questions: Answer each question using complete thoughts, complete sentences

- Why were trade routes (Specifically the Silk Road) important, and what types of goods were traded along them?

- Why was slavery an important part of society in the age of empires? Why didn't Rome just outlaw it? How were slaves treated?
- Why was a strong ruler important in an empire? What were some examples of strong rulers?
- Describe 2 of the world religions we learned about in class
- How was leadership/Authority (Who had power to make decisions) Different in Ancient Rome and Ancient Greece?
- How did different leaders deal with minority religions in their empire (Religious Tolerance – think Cyrus/Ashoka vs the Huang Dynasty)
- What was the purpose of trade routes? It moved 4 things: M-----y, R-----n, G---s, I---s. How did trade networks create collective learning among empires – were they better or worse off for learning these ideas? Use Iron as an example.